

高功率氮化镓芯片 为AI数据中心HVDC砖块电源 提供领先的效率和功率密度

演讲人：罗明 | 纳微半导体现场总监
2026年5月22号



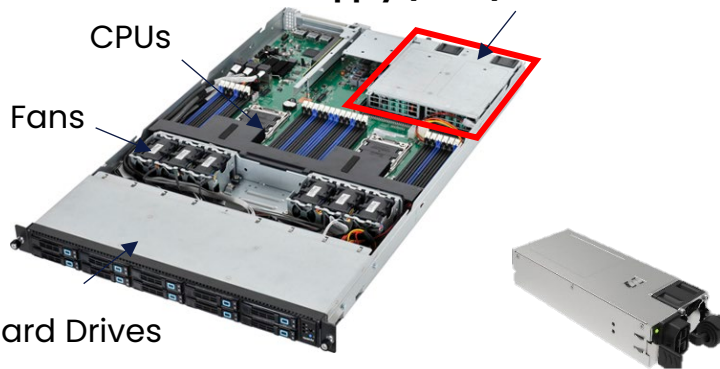
May 2026

3 Power Architectures in Data Centers

Modular Power (M-CRPS)

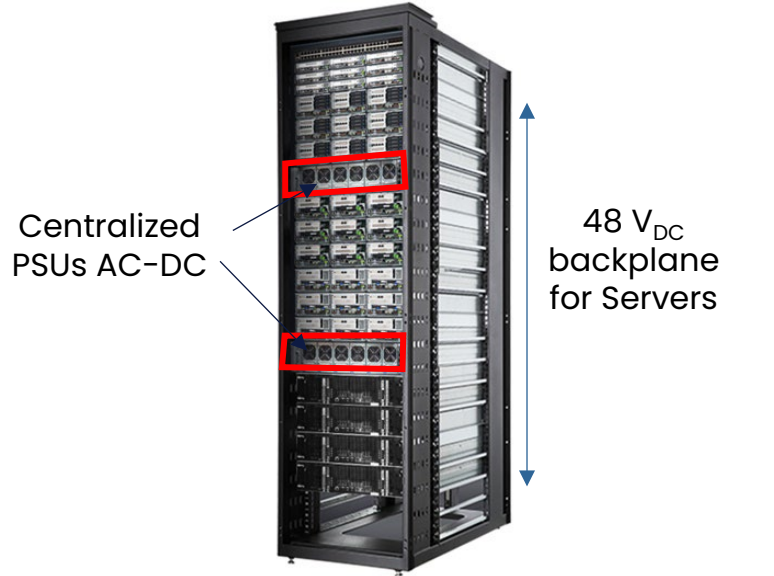


2 x Common Redundant Power Supply (CRPS) AC-DC



Source: Navitas

Centralized Power (OCP)

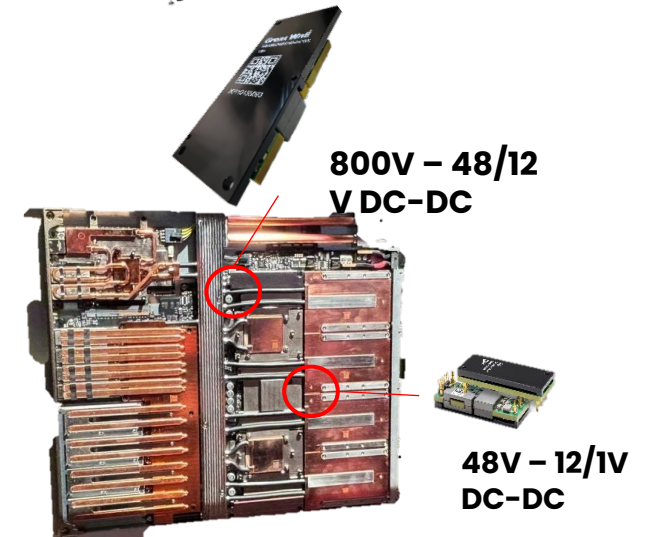
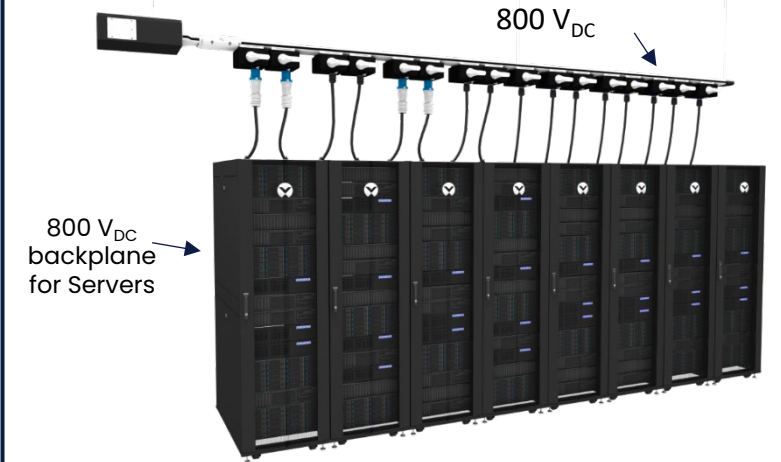


OCP Power Shelf



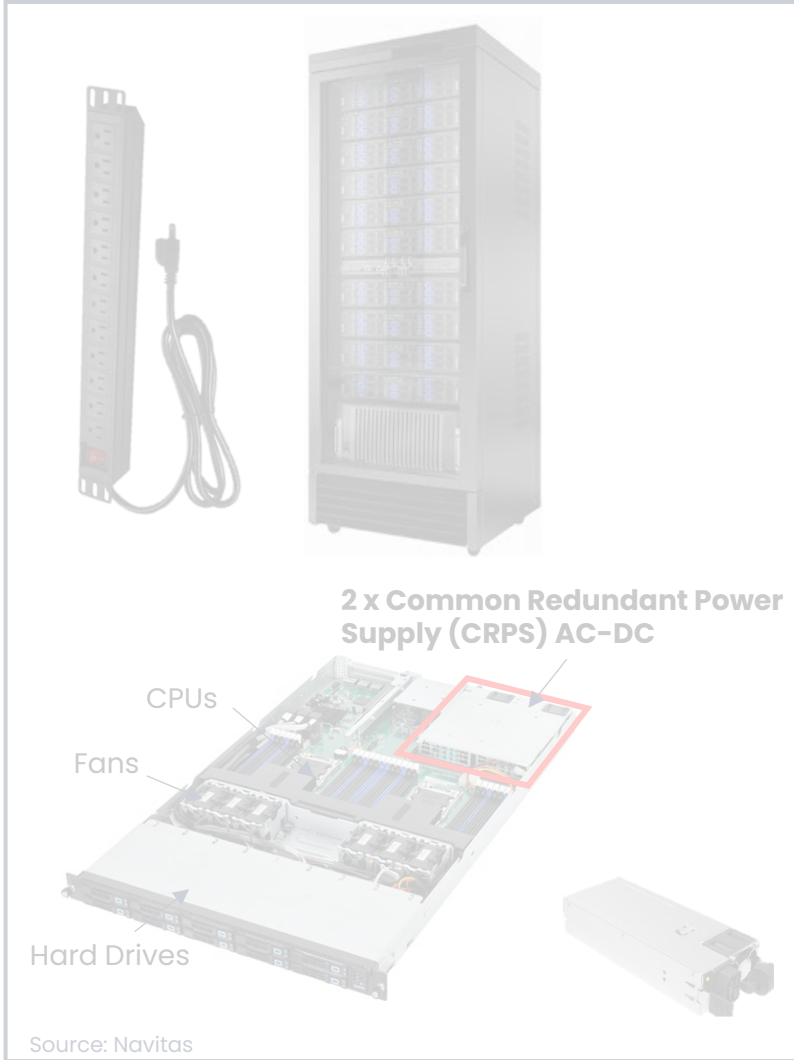
12 x OCP PSUs in rack

+/- 400 V_{DC} | 800 V_{DC}

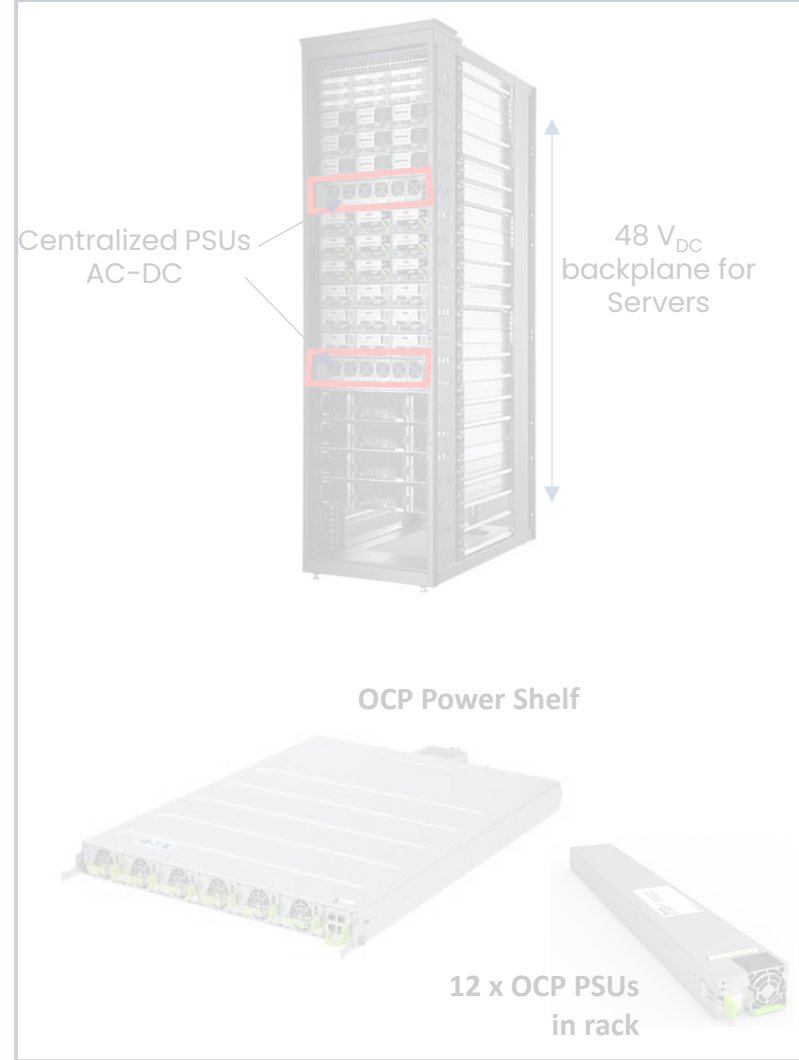


3 Power Architectures in Data Centers

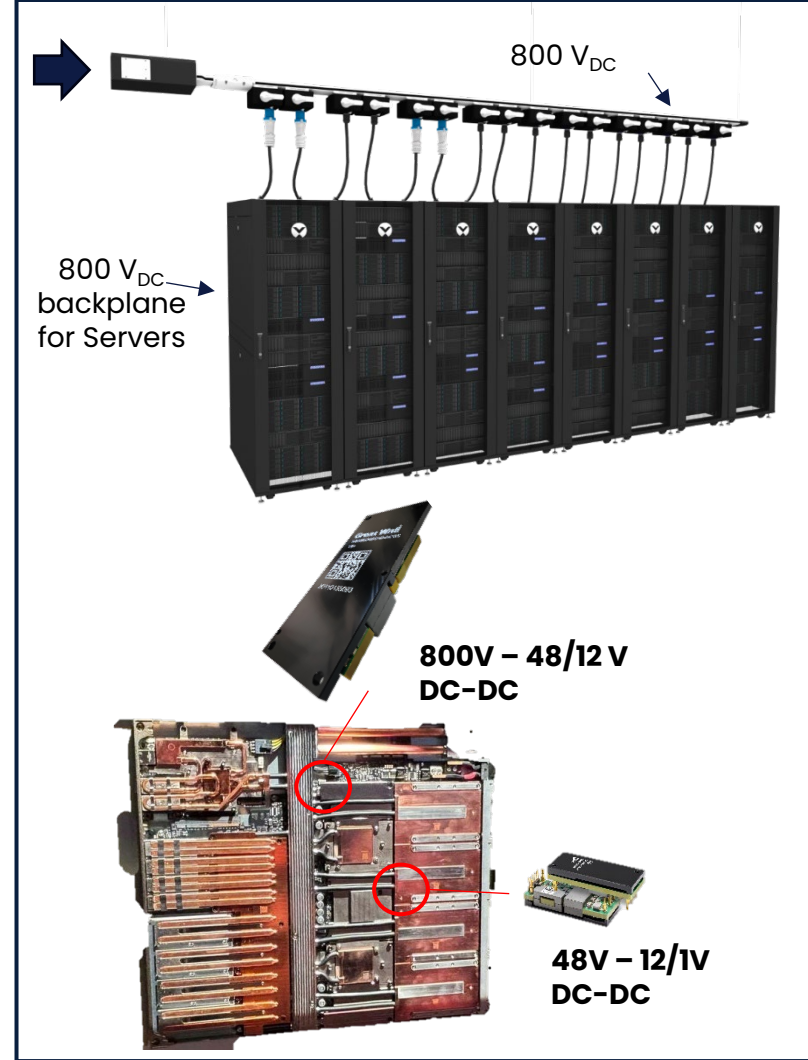
Modular Power (M-CRPS)



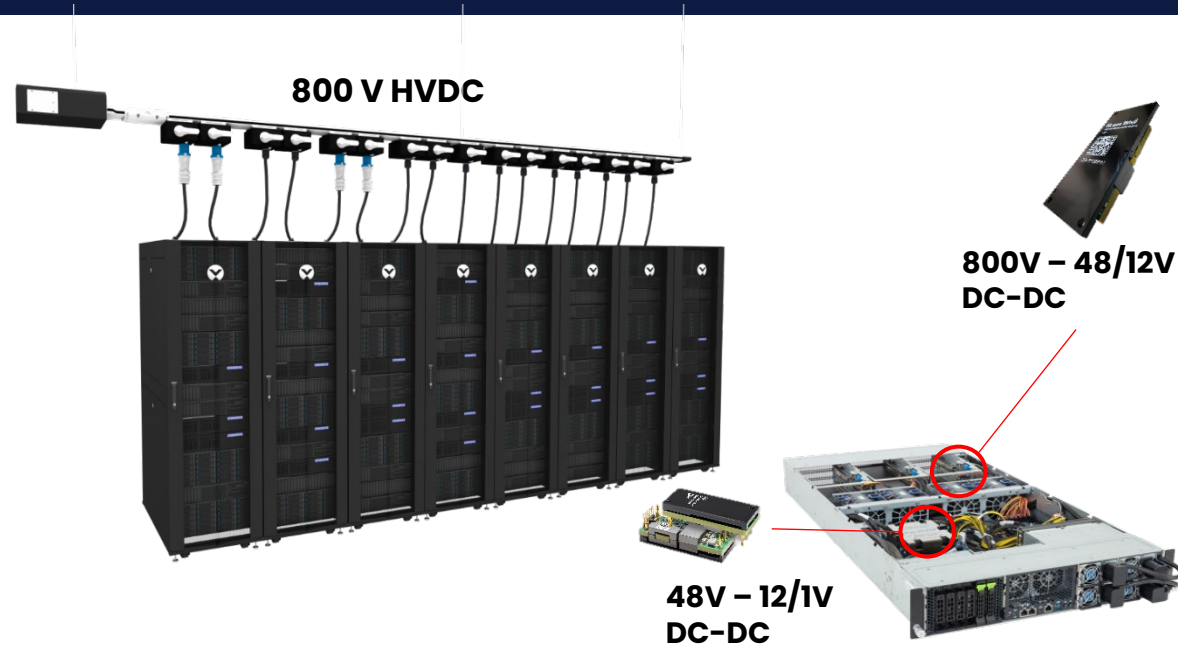
Centralized Power (OCP)



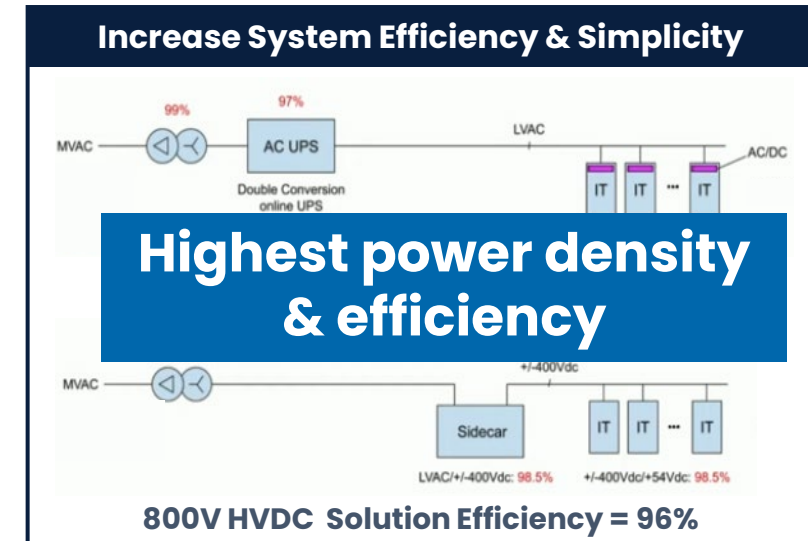
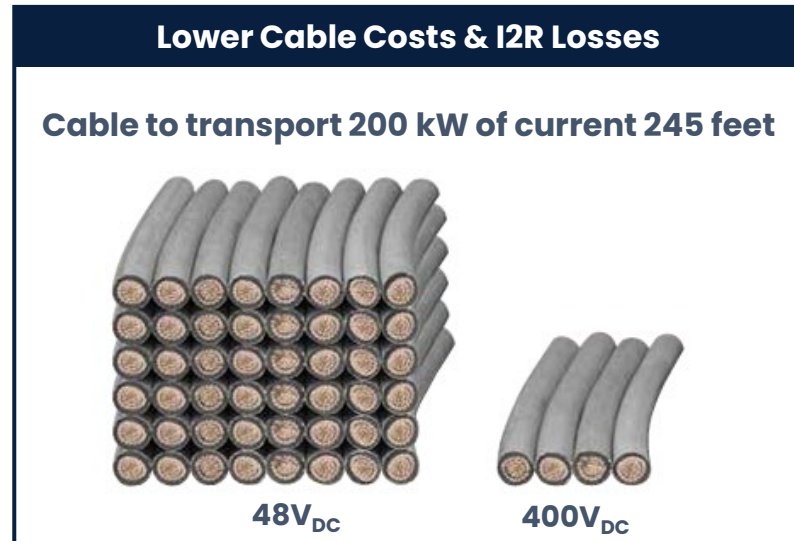
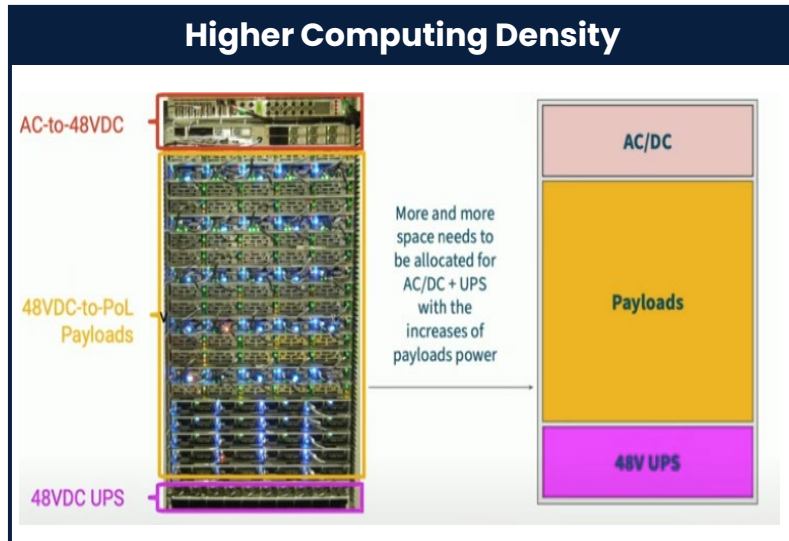
+/- 400 V_{DC} | 800 V_{DC}



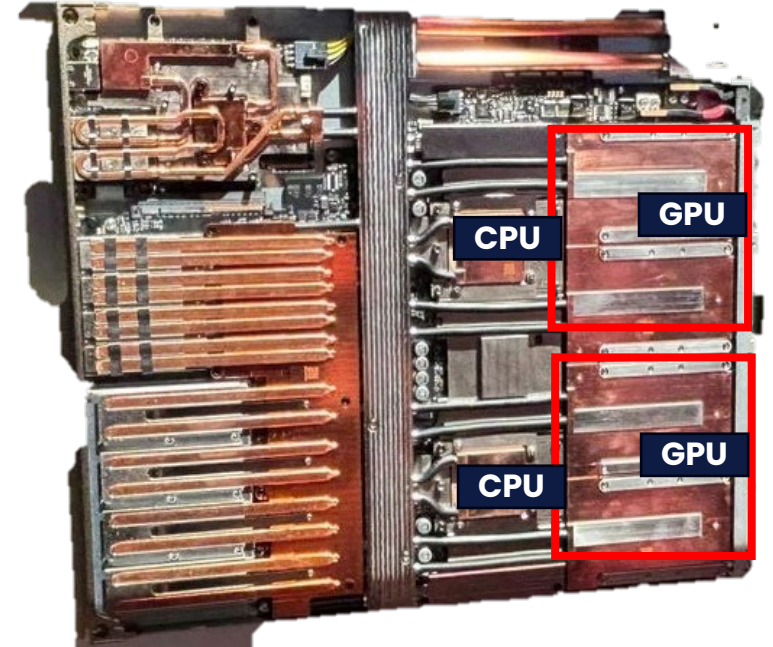
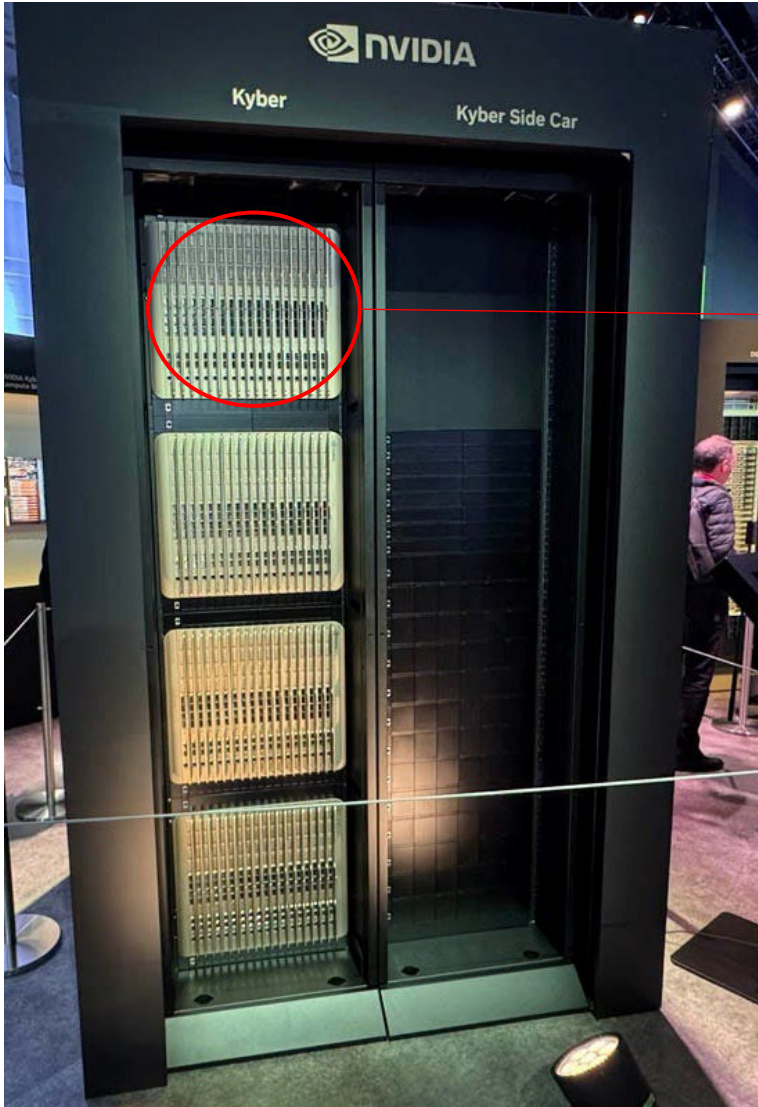
+/- 400V & 800 V DC Architecture



- ✓ 800 V HVDC removes power conversion from the rack
 - Separate 'Sidecar' power rack or upstream
- ✓ Improve efficiency & simplicity
- ✓ Higher computing density
- ✗ Changing existing power distribution is challenging
- ✗ New equipment & racks
- ✗ Safety concerns – DC grounding, arcing/flashing



>600kW 'Kyber' Rack Powering Rubinn Ultra GPUs



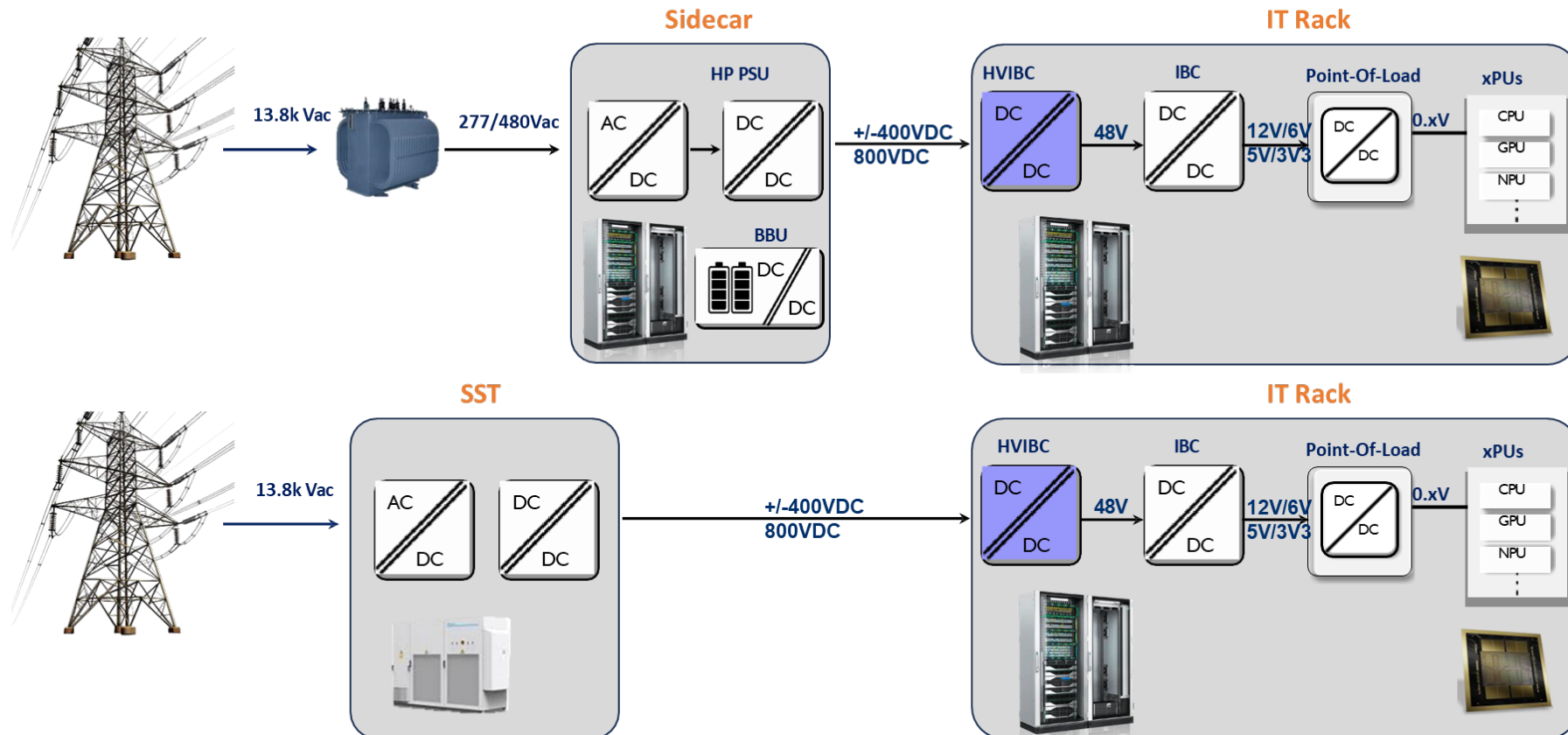
Kyber Rubin NVL576

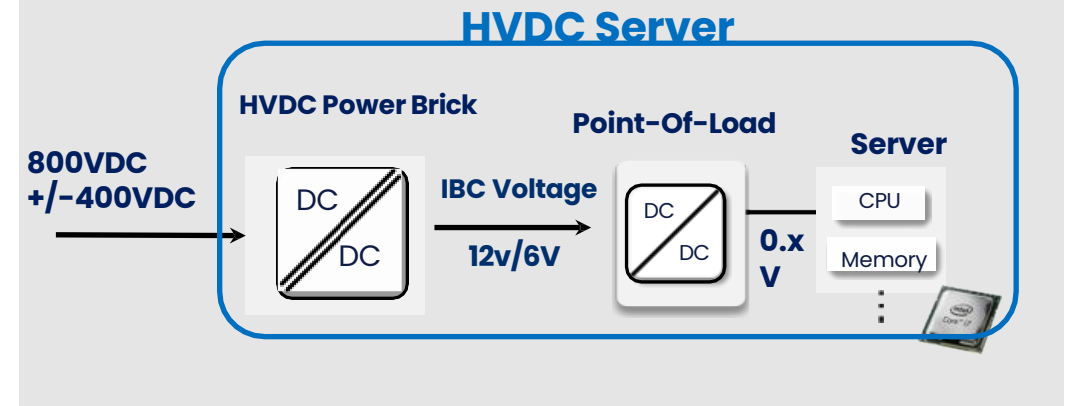
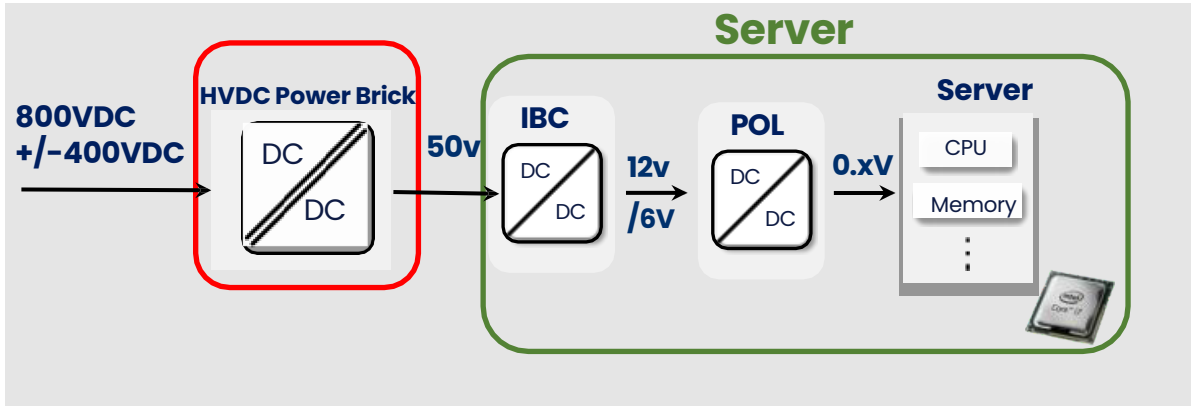
- 27 trays/can
 - 18 trays with 2 x GPU & 2 CPU
 - 9 networking trays on the back
 - 144 GPUs / rack

- **>600 kW...1MW 'Kyber Side Car' for power & cooling**

Datacenter Power Structure – HVDC Distribution

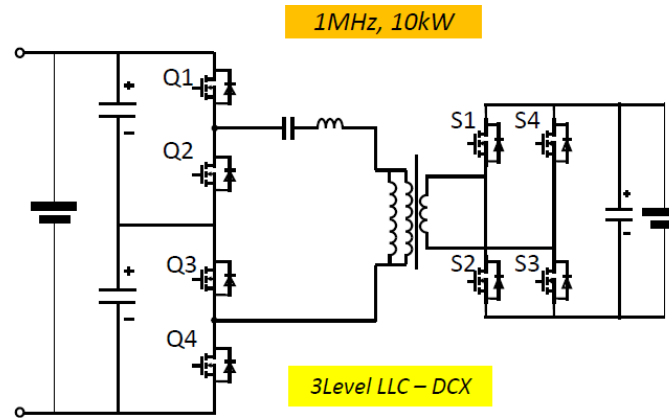
- $\pm 400\text{VDC}$ for Google, 800VDC for Nvidia;
- SST–Solid state transformer to improve eff. and reduce the size and weight for future.



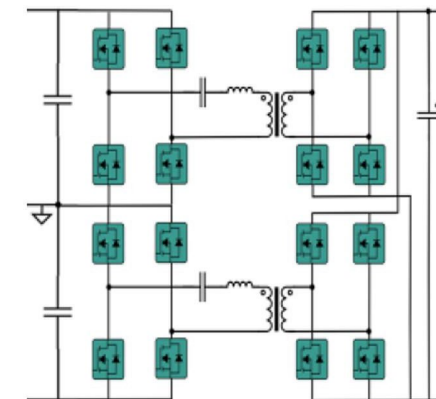


➤ **HVDC 800v \times 50v/12v/6v**




- 1MHz Switching frequency
- Full brick: 10kw
- Half brick: 6kw
- Direct liquid cooling







- ✓ Small footprint area
- ✗ Large output current ripple

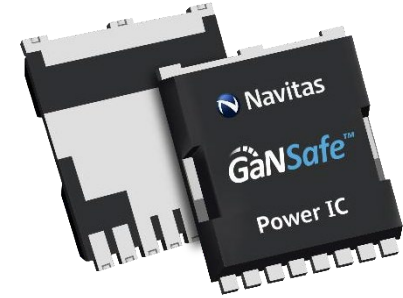
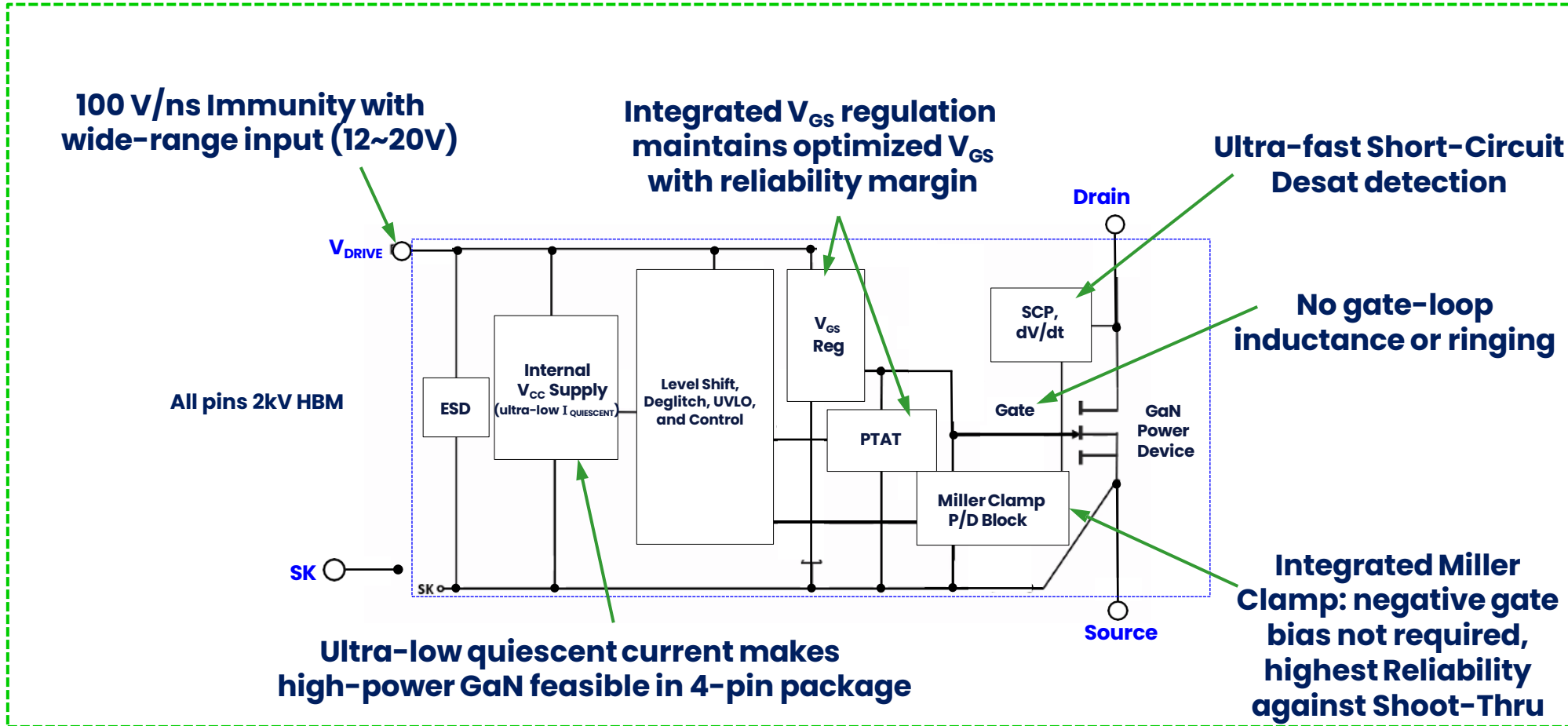


- ✓ Interleaved for low output current ripple
- ✗ More devices on primary side \rightarrow large footprint area
- ✗ Current sharing

Family	Part #	$V_{DS(CONT)}$ (V)	$V_{DS(TRANS)}$ (V)	$R_{DS(ON)typ.}$ (m Ω)	$R_{DS(ON)max.}$ (m Ω)	Current (A)	Package	Samples	MP Date
 Int. Drive + Protection	NV6511	650	800	70	98	23	 TOLL	Released	Released
	NV6512C			40	55	41			
	NV6513			32	45	53			
	NV6515			25	35	65			
	NV6514C			18	25	80			
	NV6522			40	55	41	 TOLT		
	NV6523			32	45	53			
	NV6525			25	35	65			
	NV6524			18	25	80			
	NV6578			11	15	tbd			

Family	Part #	$V_{DS(Cont)}$ (V)	$R_{DS(ON)typ.}$ (m Ω)	$R_{DS(ON)max.}$ (m Ω)	Current (A) 25C	Package	Samples
 Discrete GaN	NVG011C10LC	100	0.8	1.1	120	PQFN 5x6 Dual Cooled 	Now
	NVG015C10LC		1.1	1.5	100		
	NVG030C10LC		2.2	3.0	100		
	NV6036	650	11	15	120	DFN 8x8 Dual Cooled 	
	NV6034		18	25	80		
	NV6066		11	15	120	TOLT 	
	NV6064		18	25	80		
	NV6065		25	35	65		
	NV6063		32	45	53		
	NV6062		40	55	41		
	NV6061		70	98	23		
							Q2'26

Reliable High-Power GaN in 4 Pins

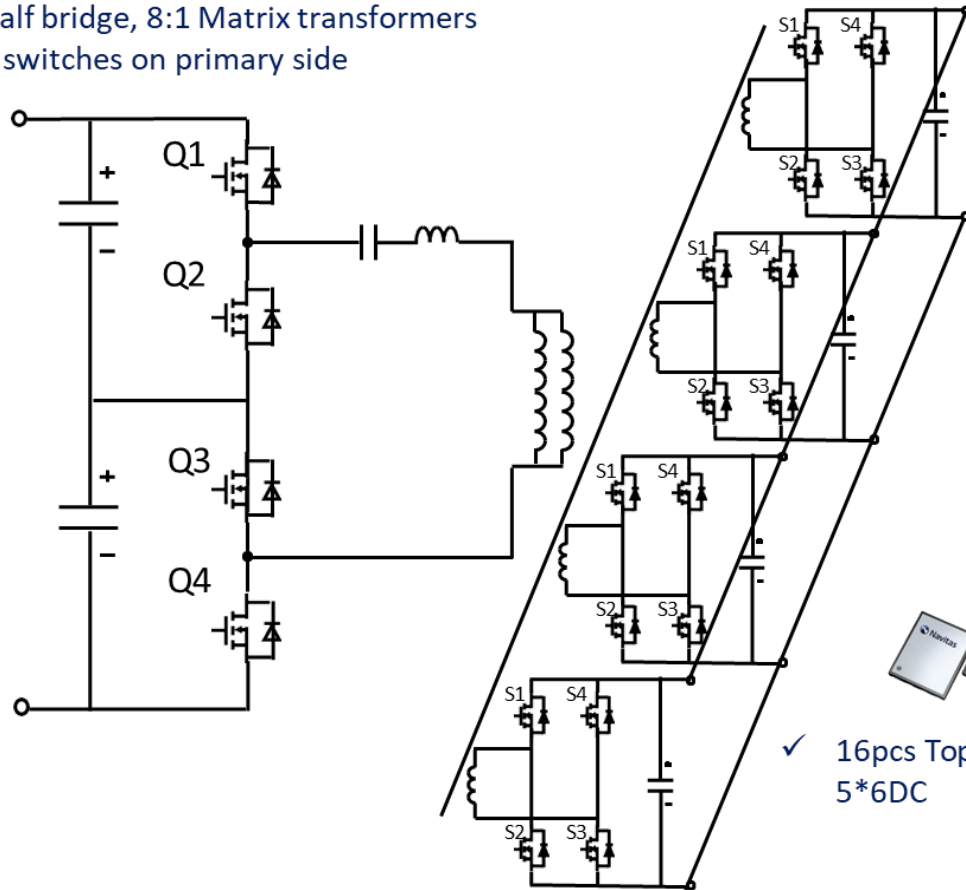


800V DC 10kW Full Brick Demo

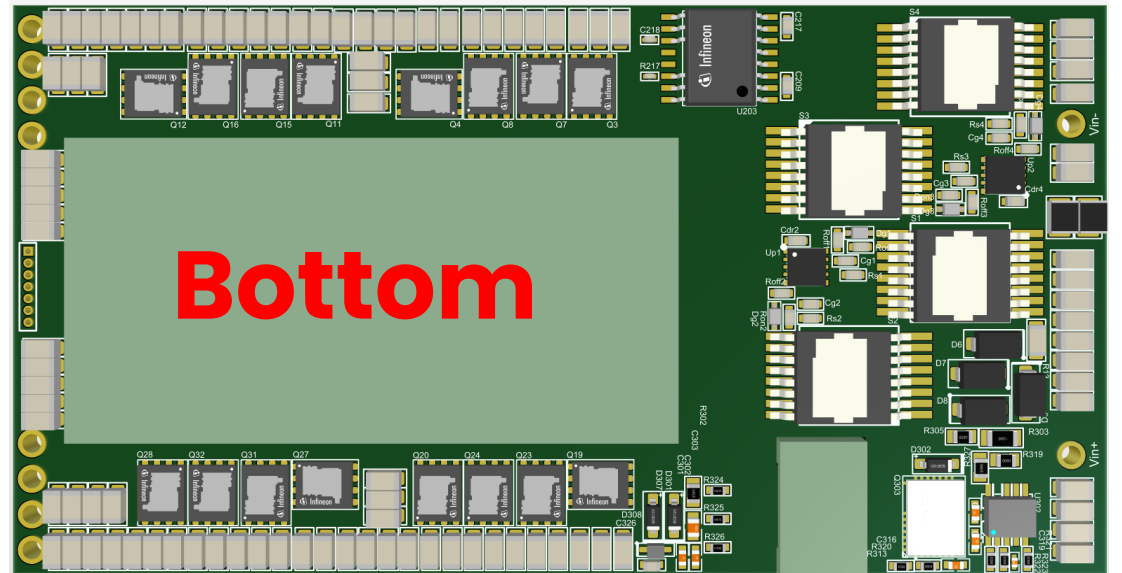
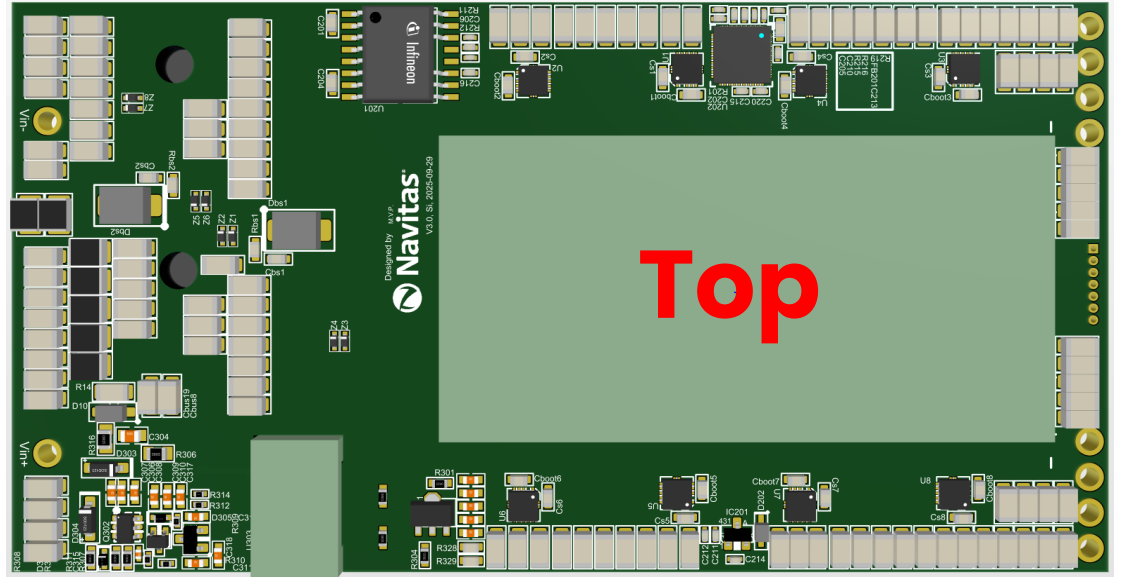


TOLT
15x10x2.3mm
650V

- ✓ Half bridge, 8:1 Matrix transformers
- ✓ 4 switches on primary side

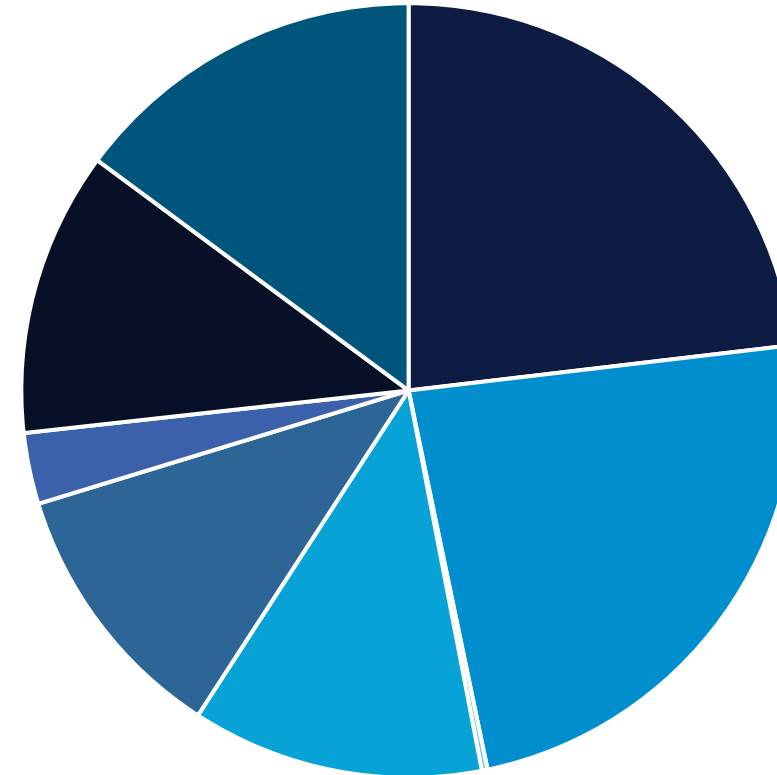


✓ 16pcs Top Cooled
5*6DC



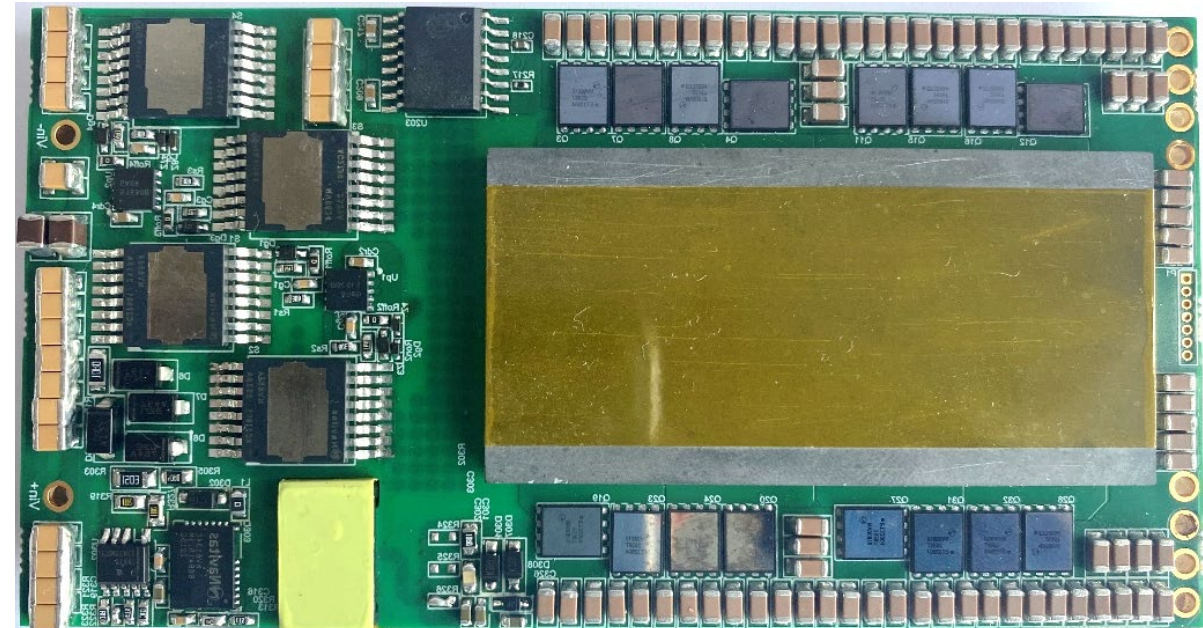
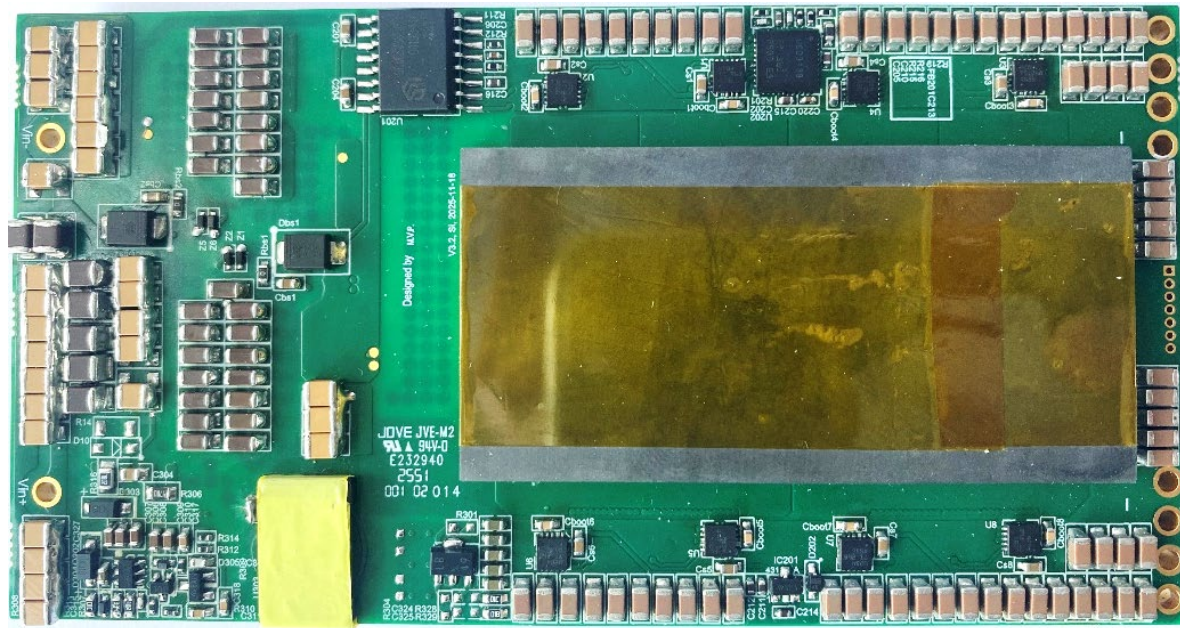
800V DC Loss Breakdown (Calculation)

	Loss Calculation	Remark
Pri. Conduction	38.9	NV6066 (typ. 11mOhm)
Sec. Conduction	39.7	NVG011C10LC (typ. 0.8mOhm)
Driving Loss	5.5	GaN with ultra low Qg
TX Pri	20.5	@100C
TX Sec	18.7	@100C
Core Loss	5	Estimation
Termination	20	Estimation
Other Losses	25	Estimation
Total	173.3	98.3% effi.@full load

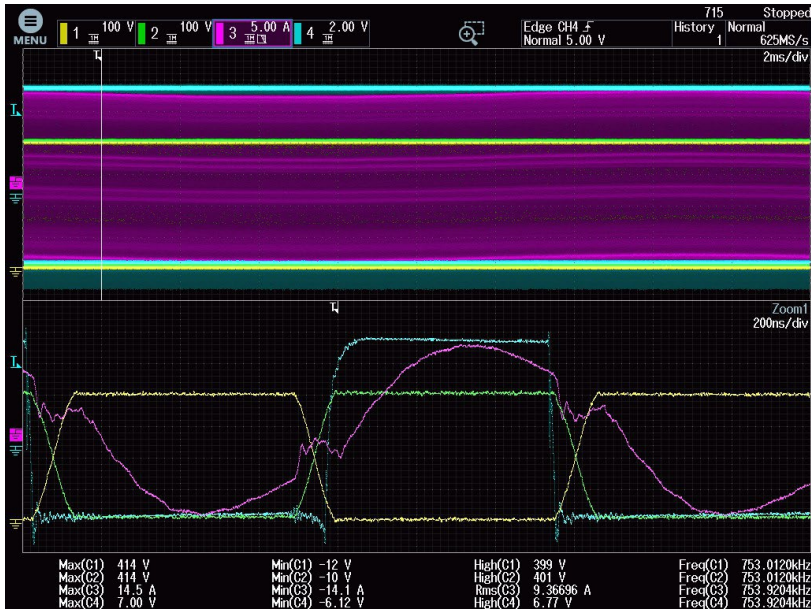


- Primary Conduction
- Secondary Conduction
- Driving Loss
- TX Pri
- TX Sec
- Core Loss
- Termination
- Other

- Calculation is based on NV6066 on the primary side and GaN on the secondary side.
- Transformer loss based on 3D FEA simulation



Gen 2 Test Waveforms (Si Version)



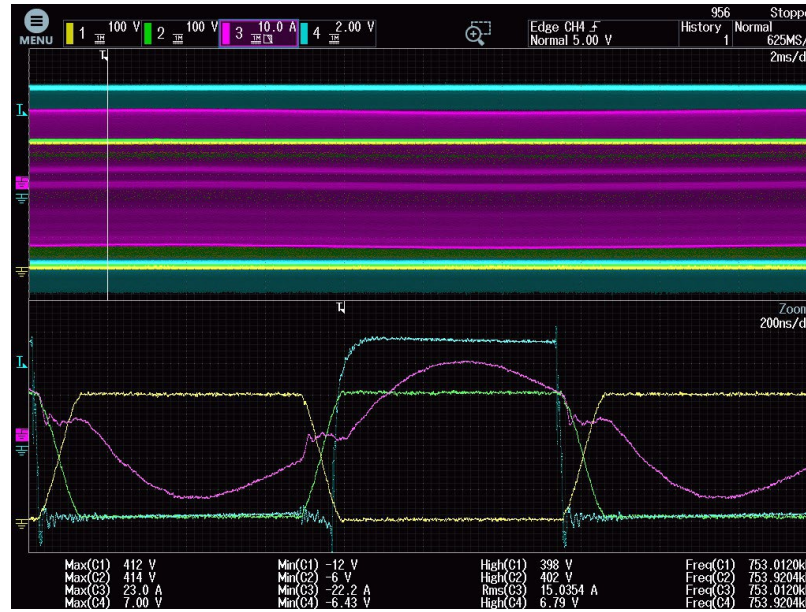
3kW

CH1:V_{ds_Q4}

CH2:V_{ds_Q2}

CH3:I_L

CH4:V_{gs_Q4}



5kW

CH1:V_{ds_Q4}

CH2:V_{ds_Q2}

CH3:I_L

CH4:V_{gs_Q4}



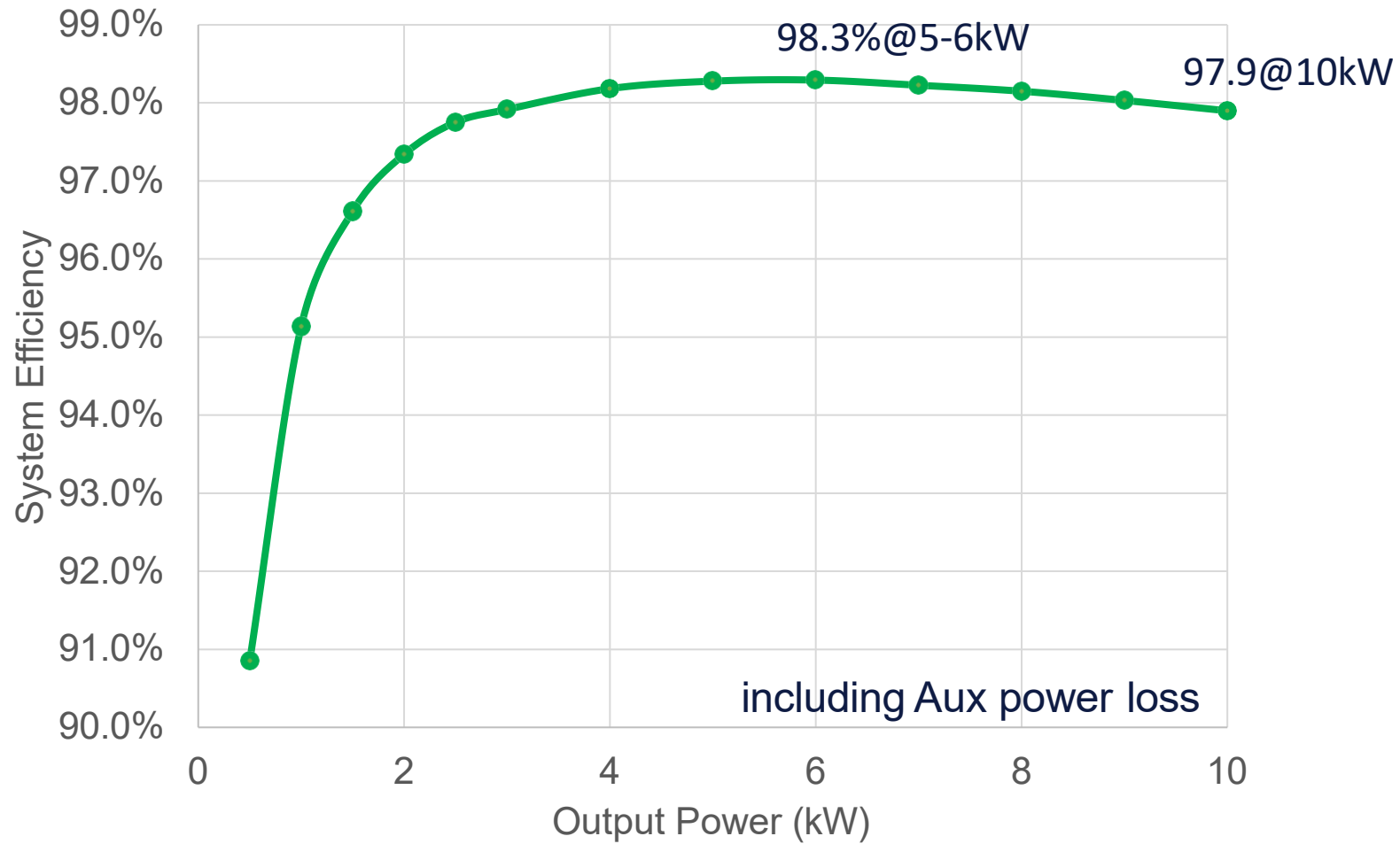
10kW

CH1:V_{ds_Q4}

CH2:V_{ds_Q2}

CH3:I_L

CH4:V_{gs_Q4}



Gen 2 Test Waveforms (GaN Version)



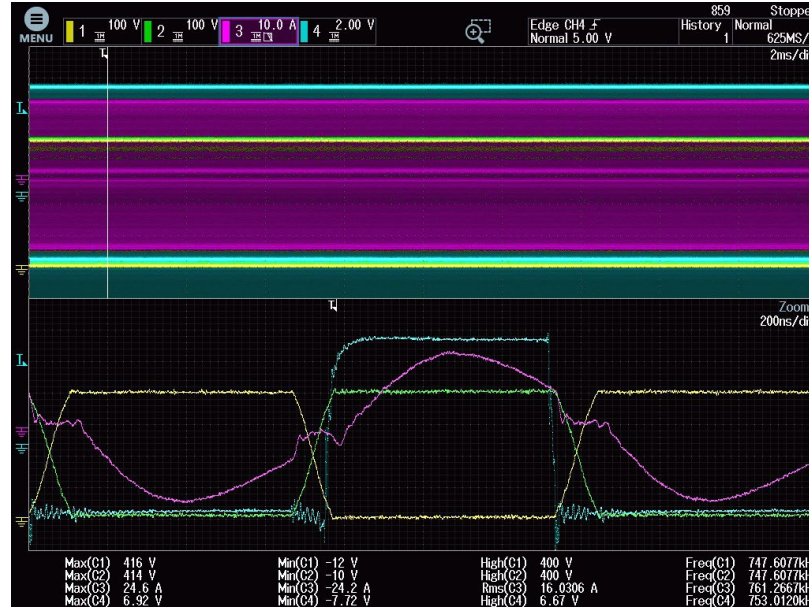
3kW

CH1:V_{ds_Q4}

CH2:V_{ds_Q2}

CH3:I_L

CH4:V_{gs_Q4}



5kW

CH1:V_{ds_Q4}

CH2:V_{ds_Q2}

CH3:I_L

CH4:V_{gs_Q4}



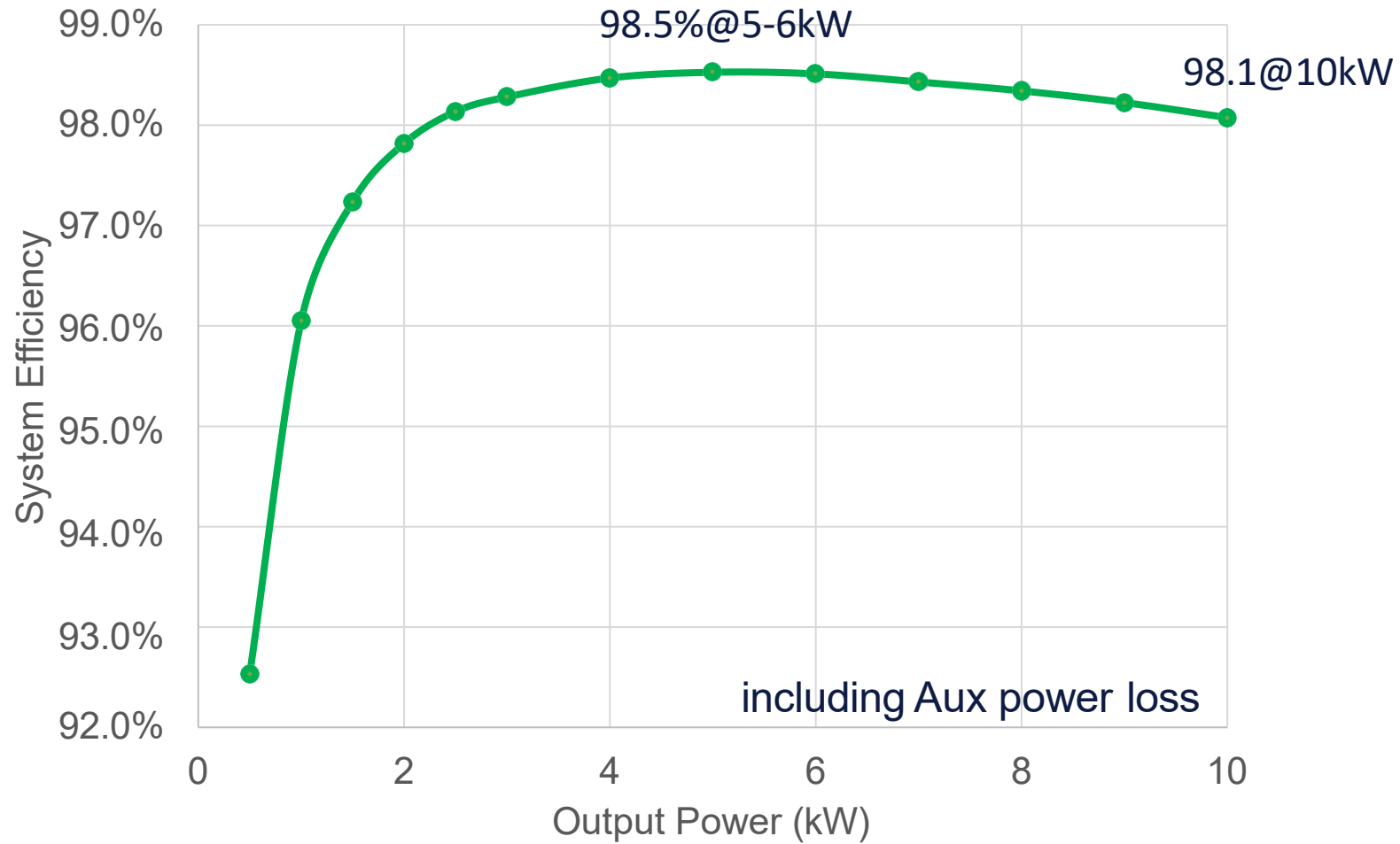
10kW

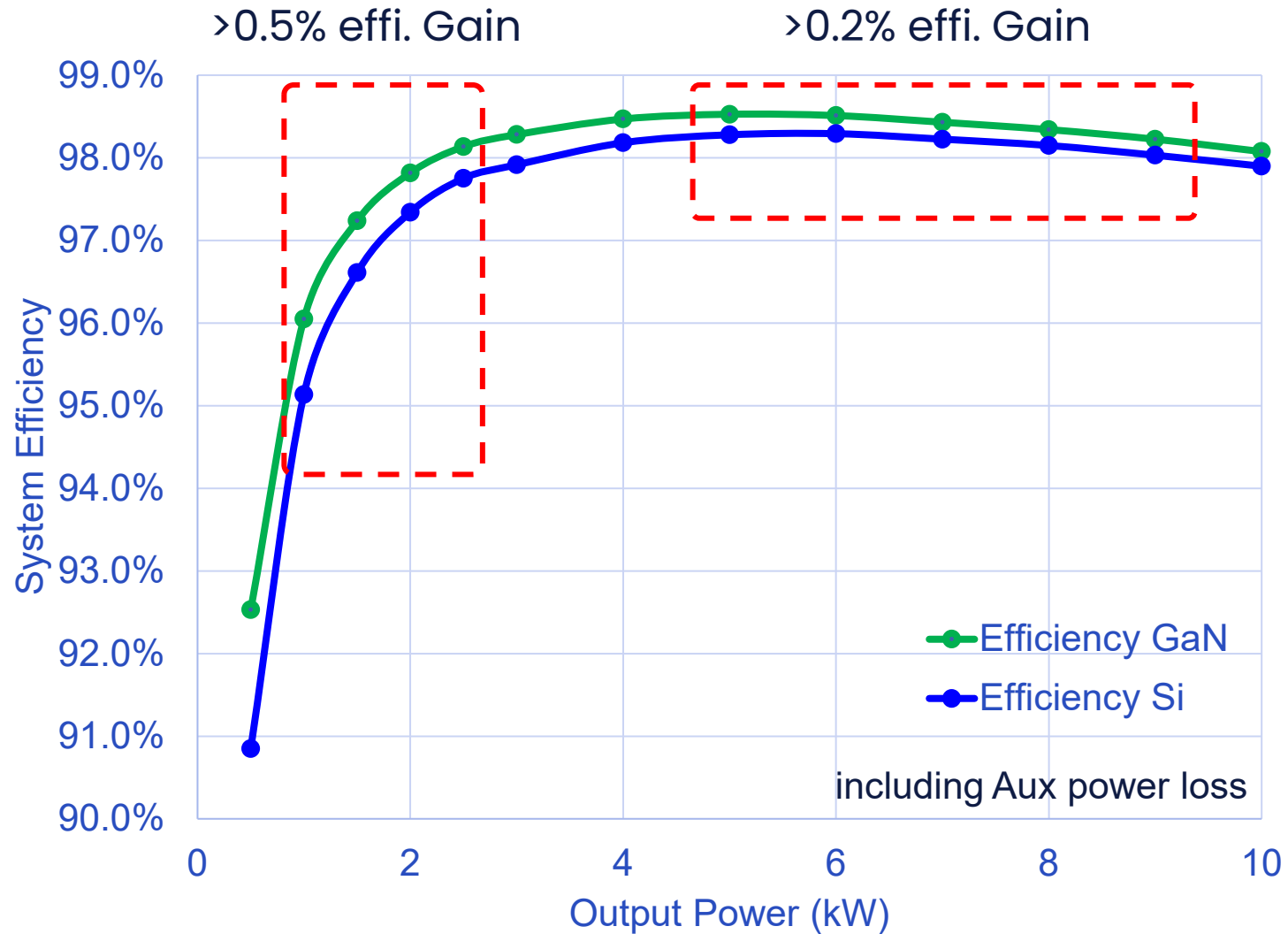
CH1:V_{ds_Q4}

CH2:V_{ds_Q2}

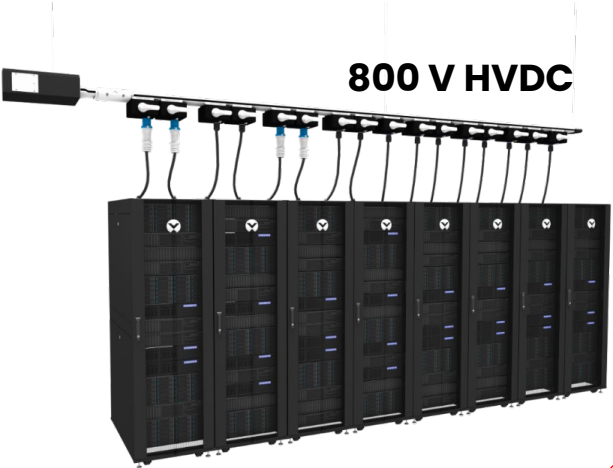
CH3:I_L

CH4:V_{gs_Q4}





650V, 100V, 80V GaN Opportunities (Today)



10kW for Full Brick
...or 2 x 6kW for Half Brick



650V GaN/SiC
100V GaN
GaNSync IC



800V - 48/12V
DC-DC



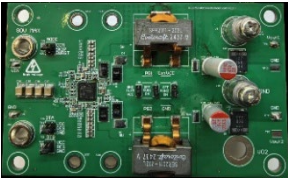
48V - 12/1V
DC-DC

300W - 3kW 48v Power Module

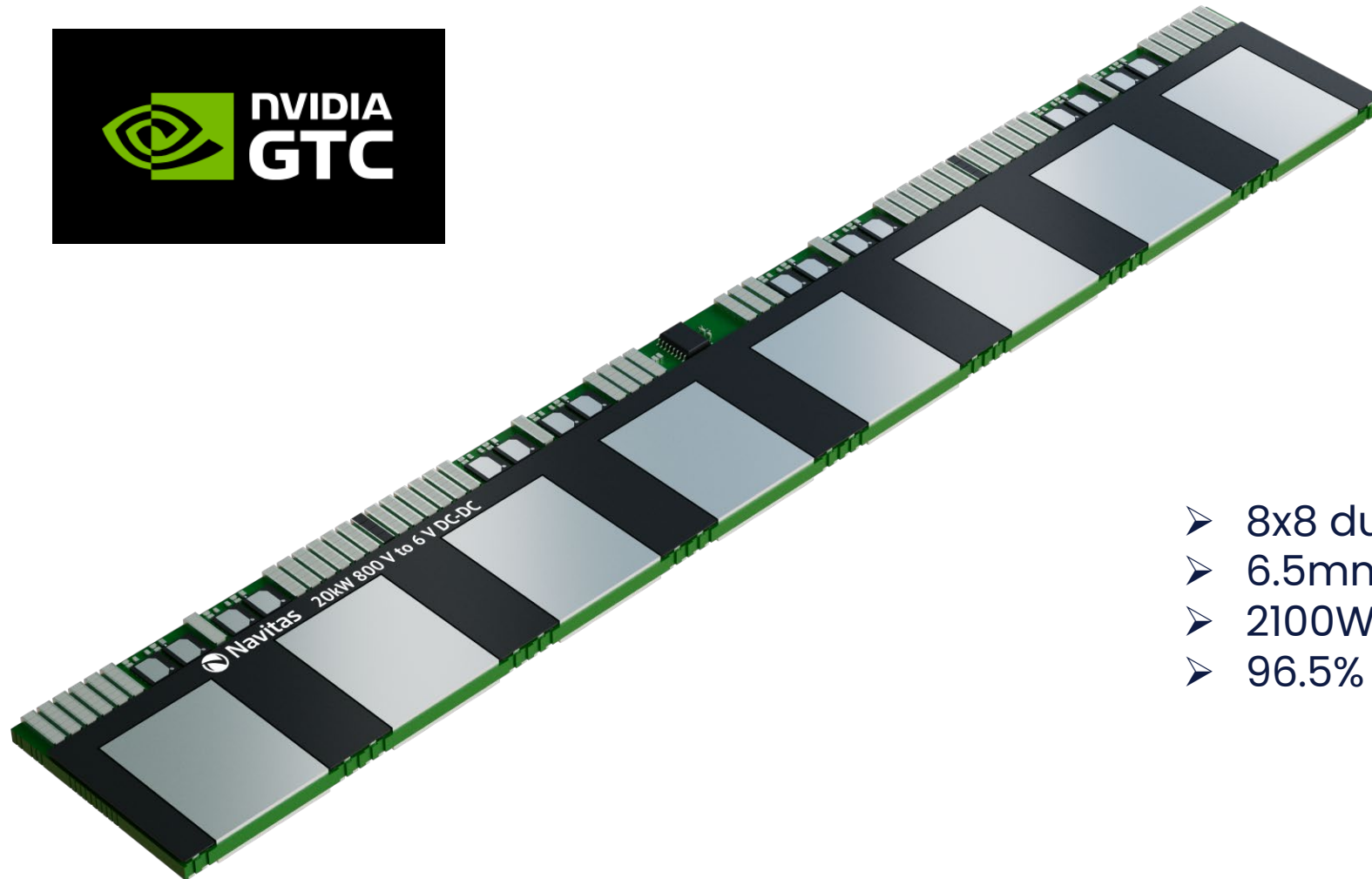
...or embedded 2-3kW discrete DC-DC



80-100V GaN



100V GaN



- 8x8 dual cooled 650V GaN
- 6.5mm in total thickness.
- 2100W/in³ power density
- 96.5% efficiency (Target)

- AI data centers are transitioning to $\pm 400\text{V}$ and 800V DC architectures to enable multi-hundred kW to MW rack densities
- 800V DC distribution eliminates rack-level AC/DC conversion, improving efficiency and compute density
- 10 kW 800V – 50V full-brick DC-DC demonstrated in compact $116 \times 61 \times 11$ mm form factor
- Gen 2 design achieves over 98.5% system efficiency (including auxiliary power) using high-power GaN
- Navitas GaN ICs enable higher switching frequency (1 MHz), improved power density, and scalable AI rack solutions

Thank You!

info@navitassemi.com

www.navitassemi.com



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